

The Bank M&A Wave Is Here – So What Are the Implications?

Presentation to the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York

March 25, 2021

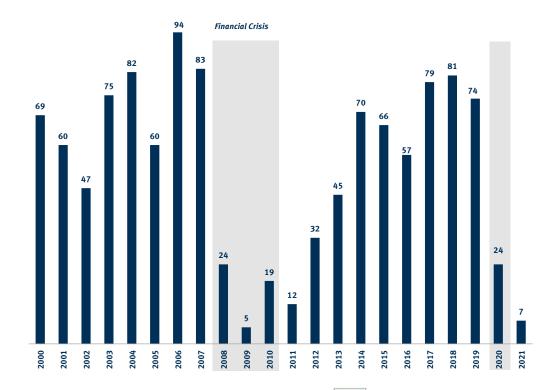
Ben Plotkin

Executive Vice President, Stifel and KBW Vice Chairman, Stifel Financial Corp.

M&A Slowed Through COVID-19 in 2020; 2021 Showing Signs of a Rebound

- COVID and the current operating environment have accelerated structural forces driving consolidation
- -Margin pressure
- -Digital (r)evolution
- -Branch consolidation
- -Need for scale
- -Succession planning
- -Earning acceptable returns for shareholders
- Challenges exist but are not insurmountable and require a thoughtful approach
- -Valuation
- -Credit Risk
- -Logistics of interpersonal communication
- The rationale for M&A has strengthened, dialogues are beginning...expect to see consolidation reach Pre-COVID levels in 2021 and beyond
- The dynamics of deal planning and structures are evolving



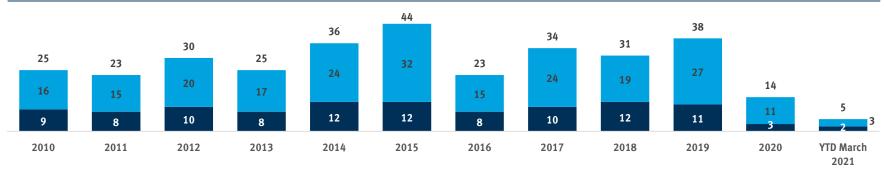


Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence

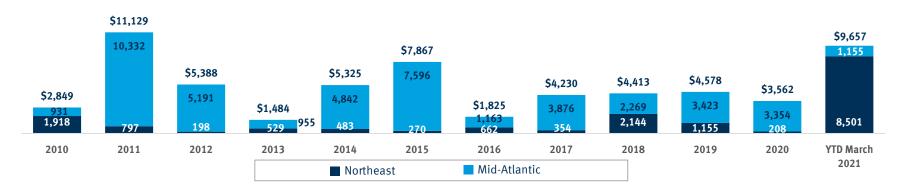
(1) Includes all publicly announced bank transactions with announced deal values greater than \$50 million

Bank M&A in the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic Since 2010: Deal Activity

Number of Bank M&A Deals:



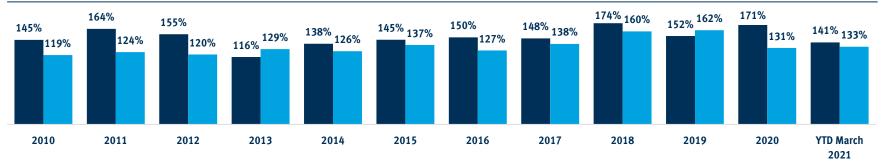
Aggregate Bank M&A Deal Value (\$mm):



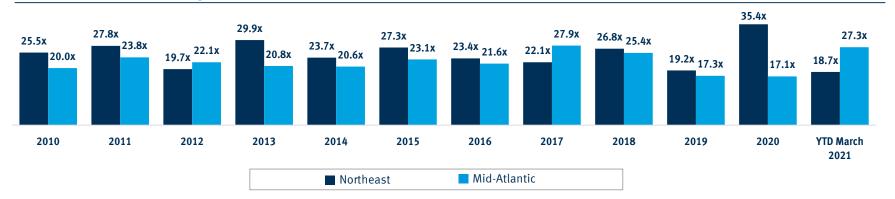


Bank M&A in the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic Since 2010: Pricing Multiples

Median Price / Tangible Book Value of Bank Deals (%):



Median Price / LTM Earnings of Bank Deals (x):



2020: The COVID Cycle



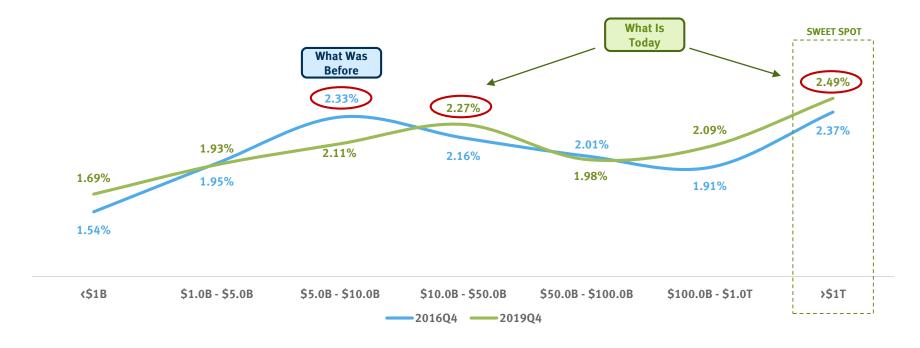






Pre-COVID: Scale Thesis Was Working

Pre-Tax, Pre-Provision Income / Risk-Weighted Assets by Asset Size





Pre-COVID: Limited Appetite for Large Scale M&A

Before COVID-19 there was limited to no large bank interest in depository M&A



"The strategic risk of taking a time-out to integrate something that actually doesn't change the viability of your long-term plan just doesn't make sense."

"As of now, we think we have a really strong hand to play just pursuing organic growth..."

- PNC CEO Bill Demchak; September & April 2019

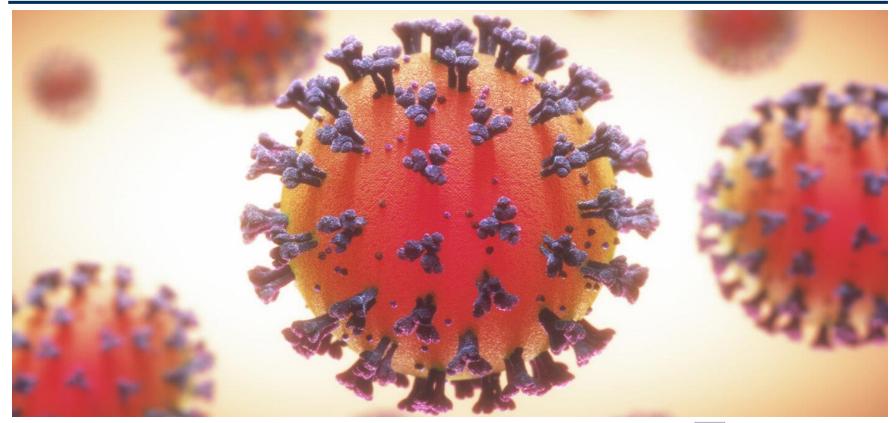


"Our near-term focus will likely be on the key businesses, the merchant processing and trust businesses that we're focusing on..."

- USB CEO Andy Cecere; April 2019



Then COVID Hit







Hangover From COVID Has Left a Difficult Environment For Banks to Navigate



Pre-COVID World: 12/31/2019 - 2/21/20

ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

1.92% 3.4%

10-Year Treasury Yield (1) 2022E / 2019A Real GDP CAGR (2)

Benign Linear

Credit Environment Technological Adoption

KRX METRICS

6.0% 0.17%

2021E / 2019A PPNR Growth (3) 2021E NCOs / Avg. Loans (3)

1.16% 13.1%

2021E ROAA (3) 2021E ROATCE (3)

Post-COVID World: 2/21/2020 - Today

ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

1.64%

10-Year Treasury Yield (1)

2.5%

2022E / 2019A Real GDP CAGR (2)

Evolving

Credit Fnvironment

Exponential

Technological Adoption

KRX METRICS

(0.6%)

2021E / 2019A PPNR Growth (3)

0.38%

2021E NCOs / Avg. Loans (3)

0.99%

2021E ROAA (3)

12.0%

2021E ROATCE (3)

Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, FactSet Research, KBW Research, Bureau of Economic Analysis, World Bank and Federal Open Market Committee Meeting Minutes

- Represents 10-year treasury yields; "Pre-COVID World" data as of 12/31/2019; "Post-COVID World" data as of 3/12/2021
 Data per Moody's Analytics; "Pre-COVID World" projections represents projections published in January 2020; "Post-COVID World" represents projections on September 2020 Projected figures per mean FactSet Consensus estimates



Hurdles Banks Are Facing in 2021

COVID-19

Managing credit costs of impacted industries

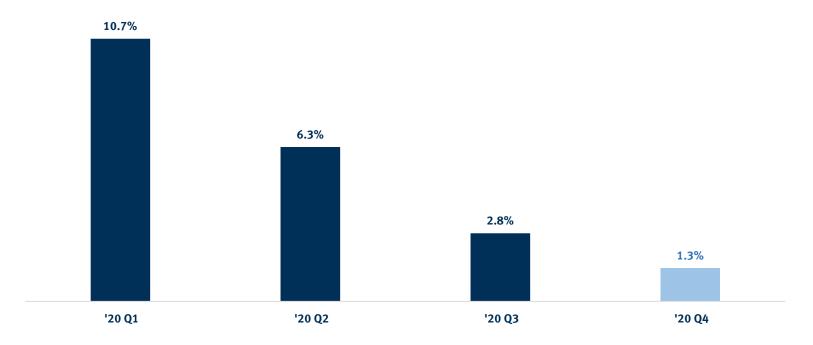
Learning to manage business in remote world





The KRX Has Seen a Decrease in Loan Deferrals

Median deferral / loan rates have been improving...



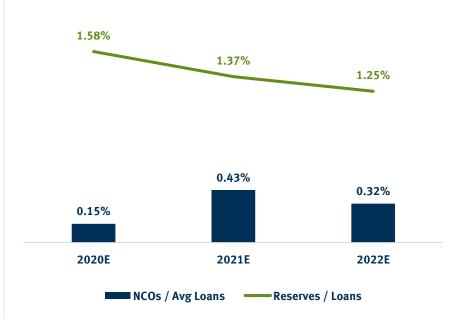
Asset Quality Outlook is Resetting

Asset quality expected to stabilize



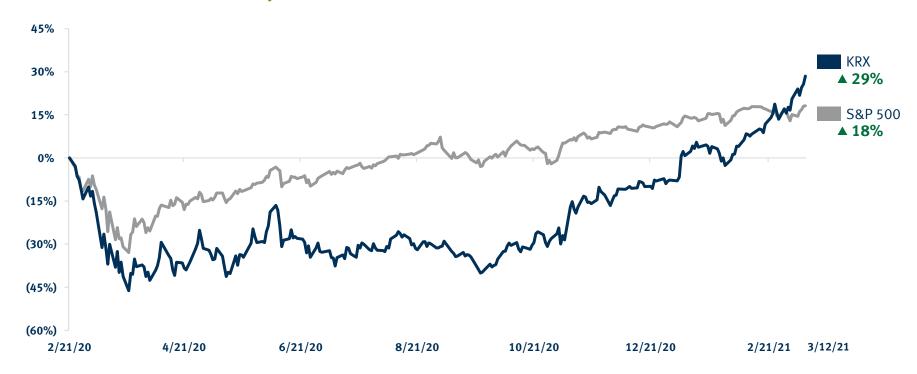


Post-COVID World: March 12, 2021



Market Now Exceeds Pre-COVID levels...

Growth to Value Rotation is Underway

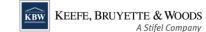




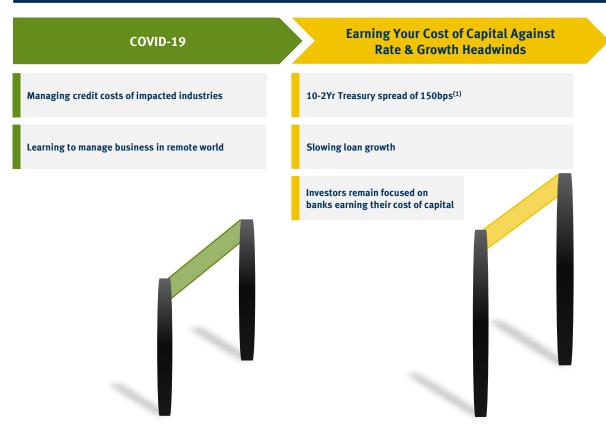
... Though Banks Continue to Trade at a Relative Discount

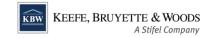






Hurdles Banks Face Heading into 2021





KRX Outlook: Margin Decline and Loan Growth

Net Interest Margin



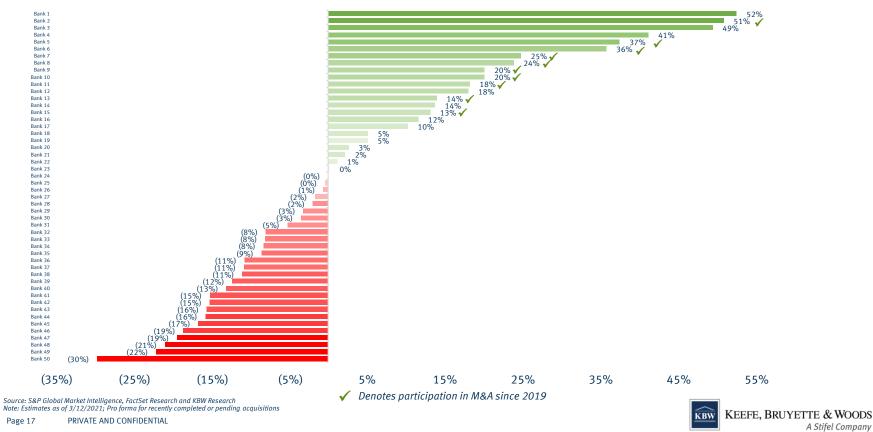
■ Loan Growth

Loan Growth ex. PPP



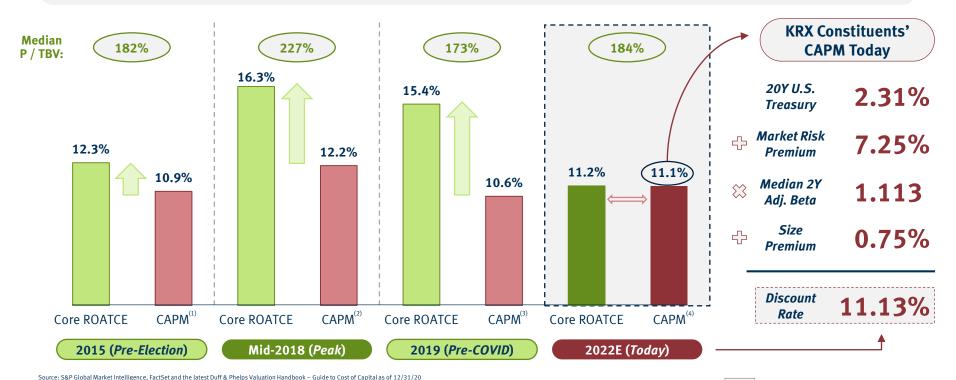
KRX '19 - '21 PPNR Growth

Over half of the KRX will see negative PPNR growth from 2019 to 2021



Banks May Struggle to Earn Their Cost of Capital

KRX Constituents Expected to Marginally Earn Their Cost of Capital Against Rate & Growth Headwinds



Source: Ser Subbal market intelligence, ractSet and the latest Dutr & Prietics Valuation Handbook — Globe to Cost or Lapital as of 12/31/20.

Note: Long-horizon expected market risk premium and size premium methodology provided by Duff & Phile to Cost or Lapital as of 12/31/20.

Note: Long-horizon expected market risk premium and size premium methodology provided by Duff & Phile to Cost or accordance with previous libbotson Associates methodology); Size premium reflects the median market cap of all KRX bank constituents as of 3/8/21 (excludes merger targets); 2022 Core ROATCE consensus estimates normalized to back-out forecasted reserve release across all included KRX constituents
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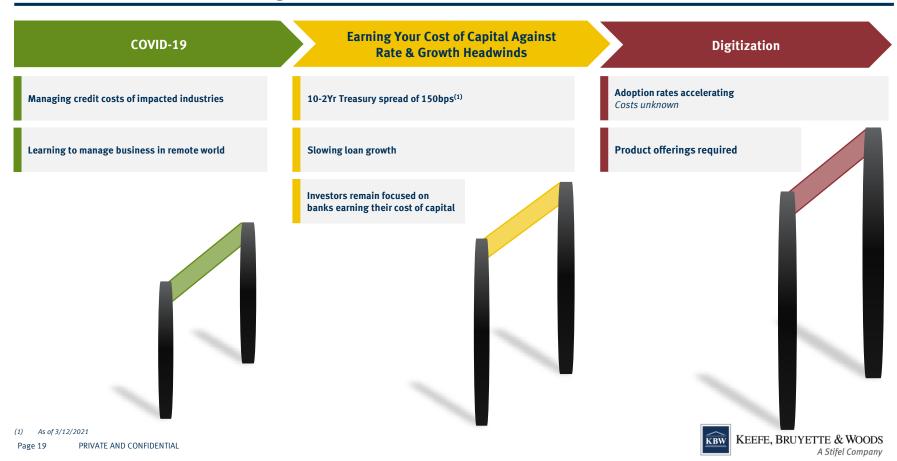
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⁽¹⁾ CAPM reflects 20-Year U.S. Treasury rate and 2 year daily adjusted beta relative to the S&P 500 Index per Bloomberg as of 12/31/15 CAPM reflects 20-Year U.S. Treasury rate and 2 year daily adjusted beta relative to the S&P 500 Index per Bloomberg as of 6/30/18

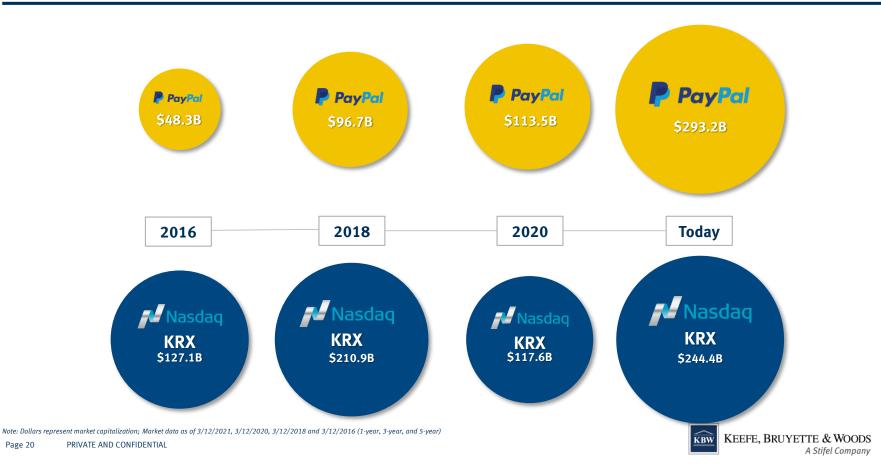
⁽³⁾ CAPM reflects 20-Year U.S. Treasury rate and 2 year daily adjusted beta relative to the S&P 500 Index per Bloomberg as of 12/31/19
(4) CAPM reflects 20-Year U.S. Treasury rate and 2 year daily adjusted beta relative to the S&P 500 Index per FactSet as of 3/12/21

Hurdles Banks Face Heading into 2021



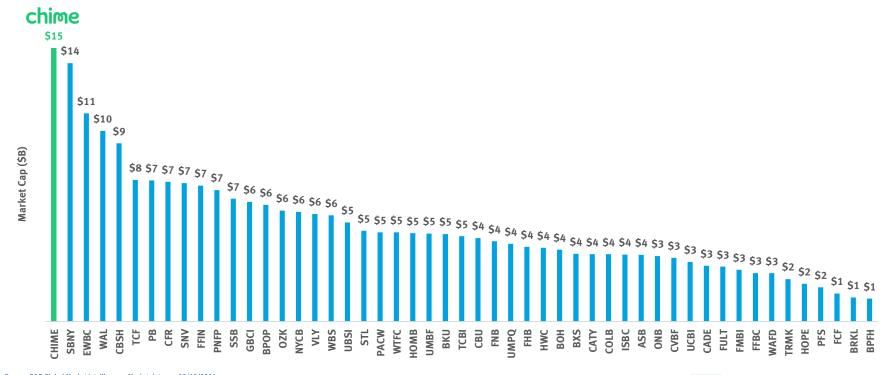
Today's Champions, Yesterday's Visionaries (cont'd.)

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The Landscape Has Changed

KRX Market Capitalization (as of 3/12/2021)





FinTech Challenging the Traditional Competitors

PayPal and Chime Compared to Top 25 Publicly Traded Banks' Market Caps

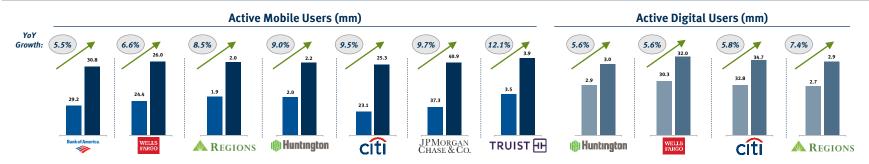
Market Cap	Institution	Market Cap
Rank	Name	(\$B)
1	JPMorganChase	\$476.5
2	BANK OF AMERICA 🥟	327.3
	PayPal	293.2
3	WELLS FARGO	165.2
4	cíti	156.9
5	us bancorp	82.1
6	TRUIST [H-]	80.7
7	PNC	76.9
8	Capital One	60.9
9	First Republic Bank	30.6
10	CONTRACTOR	28.5
11	FIFTH THIRD BANK	27.8
12	A REGIONS	21.0
13	KeyBank ◊ -	20.6
14	M&T Bank	20.3
15	Citizens Bank	19.3
16	(A) Huntington	17.0
	chime	14.5
17	Signature Bank*	13.7
18	₽ EASTWESTBANCORP	11.0
19	Western Alliance Bancorporation	10.1
20	ComericA	9.9
21	FIRST HORIZON NATIONAL COMPONER ION	9.8
22	ZIONS BANCORPORATION	9.7
23	Commerce Bancshares, Inc.	9.5
24	First Citizens Bank	8.3
25	People's United	7.7

Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence; Market data as of 3/12/2021
Note: Excludes BK, STT, NTRS and TCF (merger target)
(1) Chimp Fingus all Inc. yolland at approximately \$14.5 hillion per last roughly

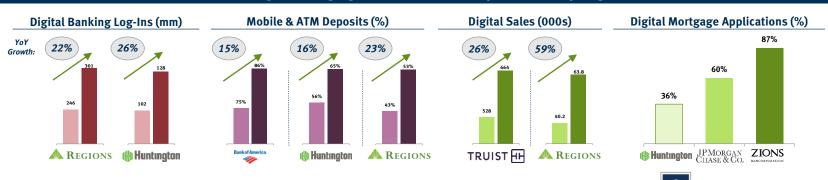
Chime Financial, Inc. valued at approximately \$14.5 billion per last round of funding 9/18/2020

Banks Respond: Digital & Mobile Adoption

While BKX Constituents Largely Experienced Single-Digit YoY Active Mobile & Digital User Growth...



... Most Saw Mobile/Digital Engagement Levels Explode, Helping Drive Revenues



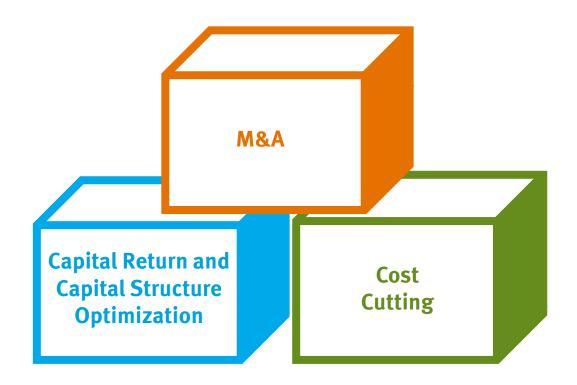


Source: Company documents. Data as of 12/31/2020

What Now?



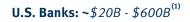
What Now? The Building Blocks to Success

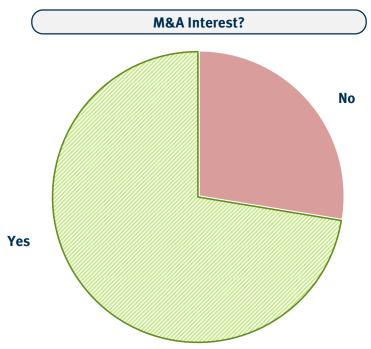




What Now? Implications for Industry Participants

Consolidators Independent Banks Continue to execute on value accretive acquisitions In-market disruption due to M&A represents an opportunity for non-acquisitive banks to acquire disaffected customers and employees from Build scale through transformative mergers with like-sized institutions and merged entities through acquisitions of smaller banks struggling to earn their cost of capital Respect M&A guardrails Migration towards lower premium transactions: ~40% of transactions in 2020 with deal value greater than \$100mm had a 1-day premium at M&A announcement of less than 10% Manageable TBV earnback periods; No transactions with deal value greater than \$100mm announced an earnback period greater than 4 years in 2020 As transactions become more transformative they are expected to yield greater value creation and more manageable book dilution Evaluate current capital position in light of credit loss expectations and Opportunistically deploy excess capital through M&A prospects for future growth Capital Deploy excess capital through share repurchases and dividends Return and Manage to optimal capital structure by capitalizing off of robust debt new issue Capital environment Structure **Optimization** Continue to execute on efficiency opportunities through branch / back-office Continue to accrue cost synergies and build scale through acquisitions rationalization, particularly as customer preferences shift towards digital **Cost Cutting**

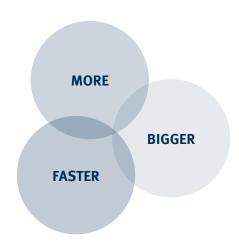


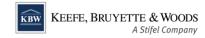


A Review of 2020 M&A Activity...And What to Expect in 2021

- 2020 M&A activity slowed dramatically as the COVID-19 pandemic brought uncertainty and volatility to the market
- 113 deals were announced in 2020, compared to ~250 deals annually in each of the last four years, reflecting deal counts down ~55%
- While the number of deals declined, the total dollar volume of \$27.7B was consistent with recent annual dollar volume, following two of the largest transactions completed since the financial crisis (PNC/BBVA for \$11.6B and HBAN/TCF for \$6B)
- Activity and conversations are ramping up across the industry and KBW expects M&A volumes to return to historical levels in mid-2021, following broad vaccine roll-out and line-of-sight on future credit losses
- COVID-19 has only reinforced secular consolidation drivers, particularly as it relates to scale & technology, and KBW expects buyers to focus on larger, more transformational transactions in 2021

EXPECTATIONS FOR 2021 M&A ACTIVITY





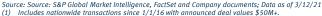
Rethinking M&A Valuation: It's All Relative

M&A is governed by valuation

- There is natural resistance of sellers to accept lower price and buyers to issue stock at depressed valuations
- In today's environment, M&A valuation needs to be viewed through the lens of relative ownership
 - What % of the pro forma company are you getting relative to contribution or historical valuation
- Valuations today are down uniformly across the board maintaining the parity among buyers and sellers

Historical Tangible Book Value Multiples (1)

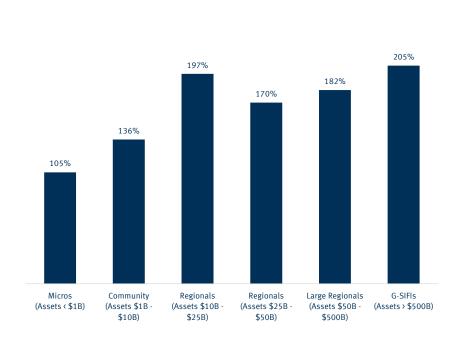




^{(2) &}quot;Pay-to-Trade" Ratio defined as the P/TBV multiple paid in the transaction divided by the buyer's P/TBV multiple at the time of announcement.

Wider P/TBV Dispersion... Supports More M&A Activity

Current P/TBV for Banks by Asset Size



P/TBV Premium Widening Between Regionals & Community Banks



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence and KBW Research. Market data as of 3/12/21. Note: G-SIFI stands for Global Systematically Important Financial Institutions.

Consolidation Expectations



Expect to See Consolidation Reach Pre-COVID Record Levels



Expect the Top End of the Industry to Join in Deal Making with Each Other



Competition is Not Just the Bank Across the Street, But the Tech Industry as Well



Expect More Non-banks to Buy Banks and Become Banks

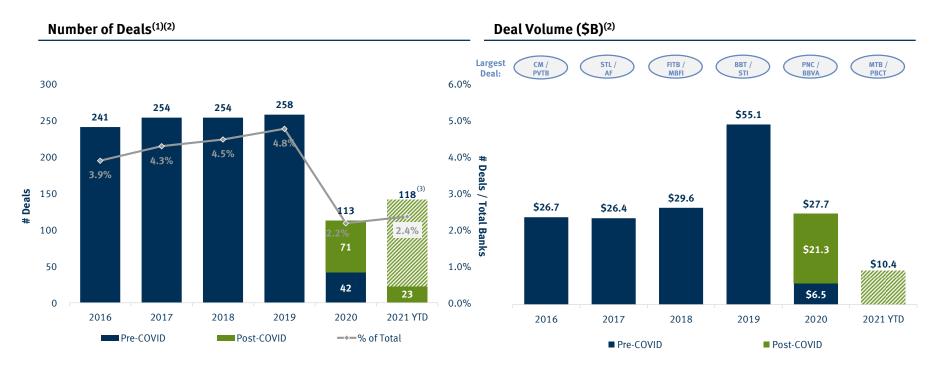


Expect the Efficiency Ratio to be a Key Success Variable



2020 M&A Activity Was Impacted By COVID-19

Number of Announced Deals in 2020 was Down ~55%...Although the \$ Volume Was Consistent



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, FDIC and Company documents. Data as of 3/12/21.

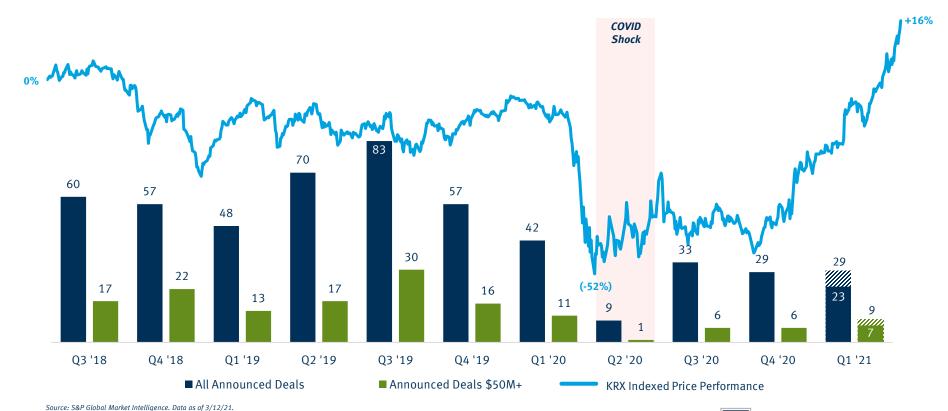


⁽¹⁾ Includes all announced bank and thrift transactions since 1/1/16 where target was headquartered in the United States.

⁽²⁾ Pre-COVID defined as 1/1/20 to 3/31/20. Post-COVID defined as 4/1/20 onward.

⁽³⁾ Represents annualized data.

COVID Paused M&A in Q2 '20...But Activity is Building in 2021



Note: Includes all announced bank and thrift transactions where target was headquartered in the United States.



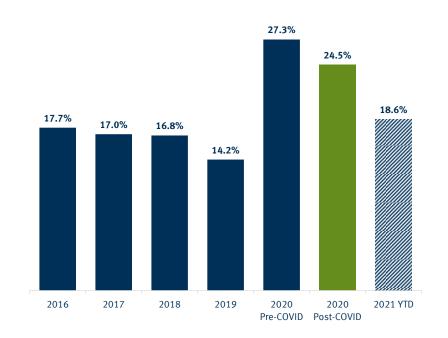
Today's Buyers are Seeking Larger, More Impactful Targets

Pre-COVID Post-COVID

Median Deal Size (\$M)(1)

\$77.9 \$62.2 \$52.8 \$52.5 \$46.6 \$36.2 \$31.0 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2020 2021 YTD

Median Seller / Buyer Assets(1)



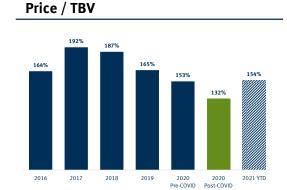
Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, FDIC and Company documents. Data as of 3/12/2021.

Note: Includes all bank and thrift transactions with disclosed deal values where target was headquartered in the United States.

(1) Pre-COVID defined as 1/1/20 to 3/31/20. Post-COVID defined as 4/1/20 onward.



Multiples Paid Remain Consistent with Buyers' Trading Valuations

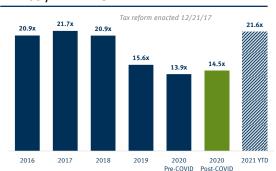


Pay-to-Trade⁽¹⁾

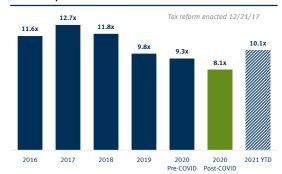


Valuation is Relative...
Pay-to-Trade Remains
Consistent

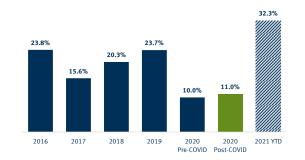
Price / LTM EPS



Price / LTM EPS + Saves



1-Day Market Premium

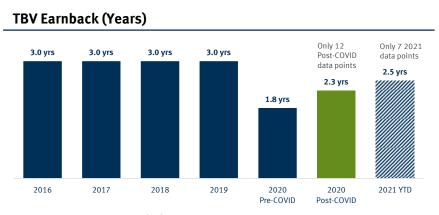


Source: S8P Global Market Intelligence and Company documents. Data as of 3/12/21. Includes transactions with announced deal values >\$50M. Note: Figures represent medians. Earnings multiples greater than 40.0x or less than 0.0x are designated "NM" (not meaningful).

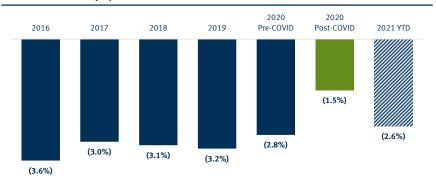
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Buyers Remained Conservative on Earnback... ...With Larger Deals Bringing More EPS Accretion

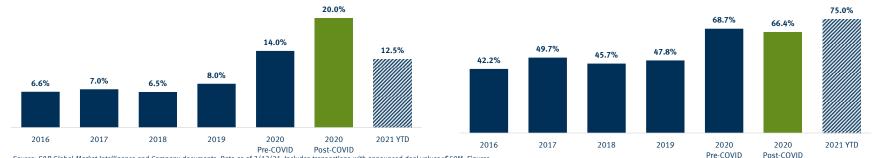


TBV Dilution (%)



Buyer EPS Accretion (%)

Buyer Incremental EPS Accretion (%)(1)



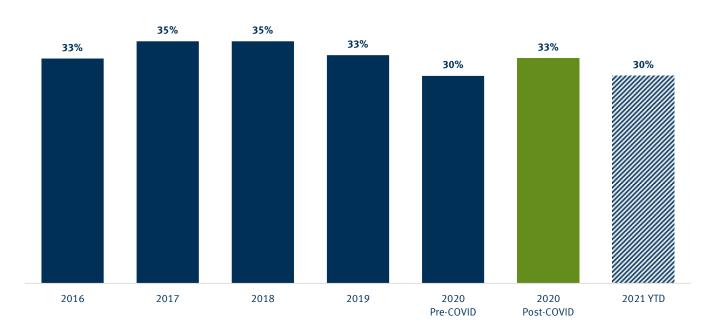
Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence and Company documents. Data as of 3/12/21. Includes transactions with announced deal values >\$50M. Figures

(1) Incremental EPS accretion defined as buyer EPS accretion percentage divided by target pro forma ownership percentage.



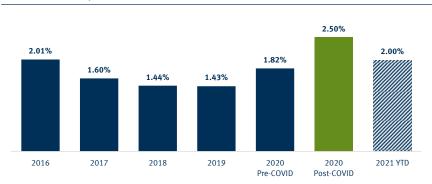
Cost Savings Assumptions Remain Generally Consistent

Announced Cost Savings (%)

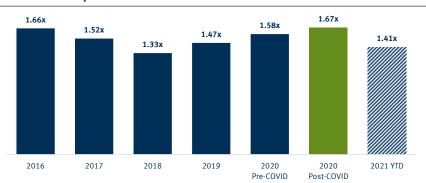


Credit Marks Remain Correlated to Reserve Levels...With Larger PCD Allocations





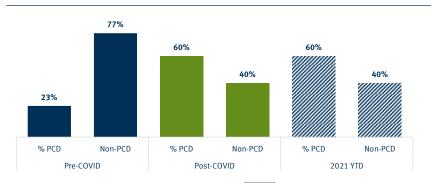
Credit Mark / Reserves



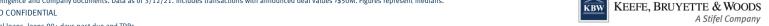
Credit Mark / NPLs(1)



Credit Mark Bifurcation(2)



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence and Company documents. Data as of 3/12/21. Includes transactions with announced deal values >\$50M. Figures represent medians. Page 38 PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL



NPLs include nonaccrual loans, loans 90+ days past due and TDRs.

Includes transactions >\$100M with defined credit mark components of PCD and non-PCD loans.

Pre-Tax One-Time Costs Remain Generally Consistent

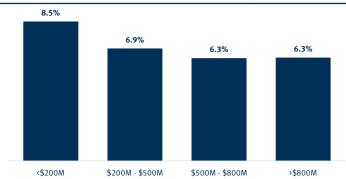
Pre-Tax One-Time Costs / Deal Value



Pre-Tax One-Time Costs / Cost Savings



Pre-Tax One-Time Costs / Deal Value by Deal Size



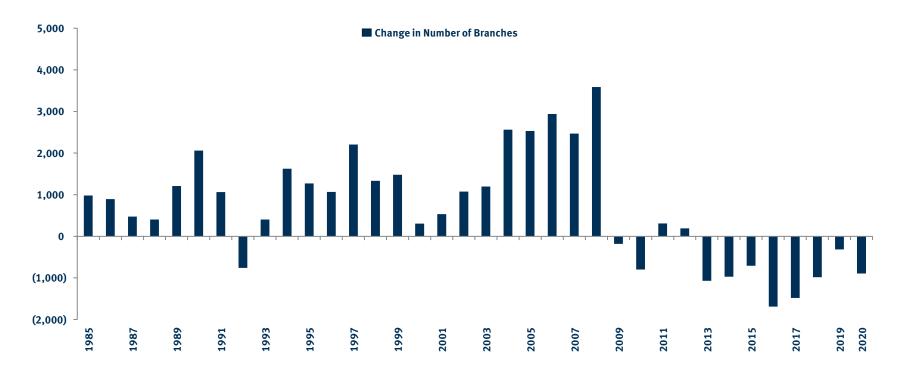


Potential Impact Dependent on Relative Size of Opportunity

		Premium	EPS Accretion	TBV Dilution	Year Earnback
Greater Impact & Greater Social Issues	Small Acquisition	25%	2% - 10%	(2%) - (3%)	3
	Transformational Acquisition	15% - 20%	5% - 10%	(3%) - (5%)	3
	Merger of Equals	0% - 10%	20% - 30%	0% - (5%)	0 - 2
Greë					

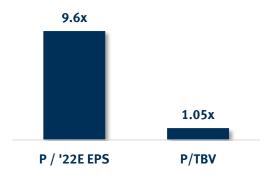
What Now? Efficiency Programs

As branch traffic declines, footprint & staffing reductions are "low-hanging fruit" that will improve profitability



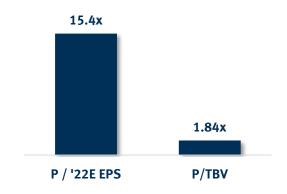
What Now? Buybacks

KRX Valuations: October 2020⁽¹⁾



(0.3%) TBV Lilution 4.9% EPS Accretion 0.5 Year Earnback

KRX Valuations: Today⁽²⁾



(4.4%) TBV A.6% EPS Accretion 6.5

Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence and FactSet Research Systems As of 10/29/2020

As of 3/12/2020

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Implications of the M&A Wave – For Potential Buyers

- Continue to drive operating leverage by executing on value accretive acquisitions of smaller banks
 - Retain significant control of pro forma company without "social" concessions
 - Offset margin compression
 - Opportunity to deploy excess liquidity position as cash consideration in a merger
- Pursue transformative mergers to expedite growth, increase scale, broaden footprint and expand product offerings
 - Opportunity to accrue significant efficiencies
 - Supports ability to invest in contemporary technology
 - Transformative transactions have seen strong initial reactions in the market
- Coming out of the recent economic downturn, respecting M&A "guardrails" is more important than ever:
 - Lower premium transactions mitigate risk
 - Earnback TBV periods must be manageable (no transactions >\$100mm announced an earnback greater than 4 years in 2020)
 - Credit marks should be conservative and provide appropriate cushion for future loss content
 - Shareholders expect larger transactions to yield more favorable economics to compensate for increased risk

Implications of the M&A Wave – For Potential Sellers

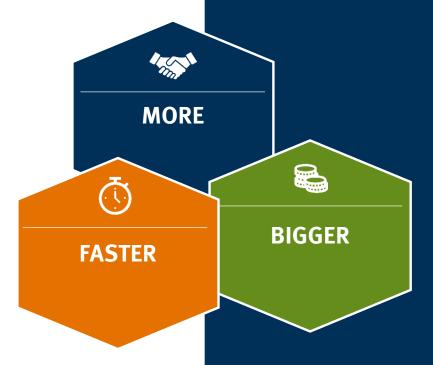
- Continue to evaluate strategic alternatives in light of market changes
 - Analyze standalone valuation and growth / return potential in light of digital transformation of business
 - Compare standalone growth prospects to potential share of value creation in a sale to a larger bank or merger with a like-sized institution
 - A sale eliminates execution risk associated with achieving strategic plan
 - Consider impact to community and employees
- A sale can represent an opportunity to create significant value in today's environment:
 - Upside if transaction is well received in stock transactions (particularly if both parties are undervalued)
 - Potential to receive a significant take-out premium
 - Share of pro forma synergies
- Evaluate attractiveness of potential buyer / partner currencies and their ability to transact on an ongoing basis
 - M&A should be evaluated through the lens of relative valuation, contribution and pro forma ownership
- An institution interested in a sale can take several actions to position itself for a transaction:
 - Establish dialogue with potential partners
 - Recognize days of broad auctions are past; most recent deals have been negotiated or very limited auctions



Implications of the M&A Wave - For Independently Focused Institutions

- Retain control and continue to execute on strategic plan
 - Manage for independence by resetting stakeholder expectations; nothing wrong with being a low premium, low risk franchise with a dividend payout – if that's what stakeholders expect!
- Institutions that choose to remain independent are in a position to capitalize off of in-market disruption created as a result of M&A
 - Acquire customers that have been impacted by post-merger activity (branch consolidations or employee disruption)
 - Hire lenders and relationship managers away from impacted institutions
 - Realize that technology levels the playing field for community based institutions
- Evaluate opportunities to achieve standalone efficiencies / return targets
 - Consider effectiveness of current branch network and opportunity to remix delivery channels
 - Identify systems / technology investments required to keep pace with industry change
 - Position balance sheet to effectively manage the current and projected rate environment
- Evaluate capital structure and execute on any required optimization
 - Share repurchases are returning as a means of capital return
 - 2020 was a record year for Tier 2 debt issuance due to record low coupon rates, record high new issuance (over \$10Bn subdebt and \$3.5Bn of preferred), and significant investor demand

KBW's Outlook



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